



Using the bilingual Corpus of Romanian Academic Genres (ROGER) platform to improve students' academic writing

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Abstract. Learner corpora of written texts from academic writing assignments provide a practical resource for students, particularly in fostering academic writing skills. One such corpus is the newly available ROGER (Corpus of Romanian Academic Genres), a bilingual comparable corpus containing learner discipline-specific academic writing data in Romanian native language (L1) and English as a foreign language (L2). This paper aims to illustrate a series of academic writing teaching approaches supported by the ROGER platform (launched in May 2022) to be applied by tutors in an academic writing classroom setting. The results are structured according to [Ädel's \(2010\)](#) methodological model for fostering rhetorical functions and specific phraseology in academic writing, coupled with addressing metadiscourse markers to better assist in the enhancement of students' academic writing skills at the university undergraduate level.

Keywords: academic writing, bilingual corpus, corpus-based teaching, learner corpora.

1. Introduction

While access to general and specialised corpora has improved significantly in recent years, corpus-based teaching in academic writing has yet to be exploited consistently in different student groups. One such case pertaining to teaching

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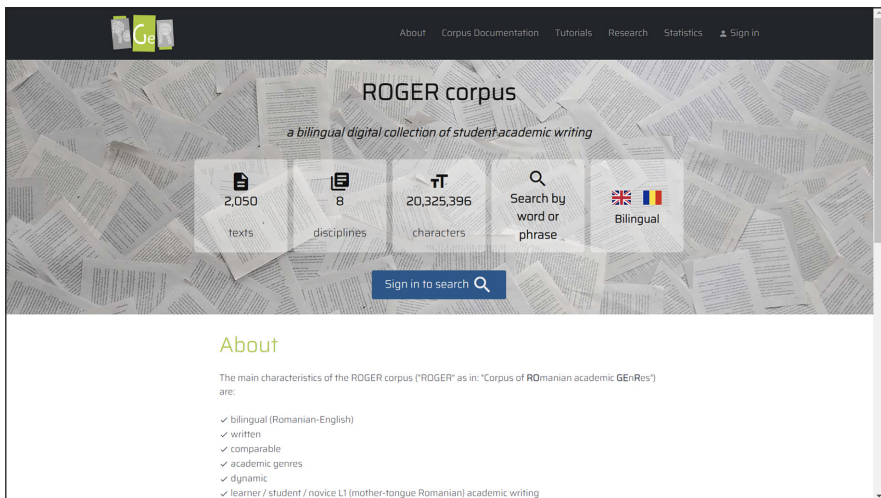
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How to cite this article: Oravițan, A., Chitez, M., Bercuci, L., & Rogobete, R. (2022). Using the bilingual Corpus of Romanian Academic Genres (ROGER) platform to improve students' academic writing. In B. Arnbjörnsdóttir, B. Bédi, L. Bradley, K. Friðriksdóttir, H. Garðarsdóttir, S. Thoušný, & M. J. Whelpton (Eds), *Intelligent CALL, granular systems, and learner data: short papers from EUROCALL 2022* (pp. 315-321). Research-publishing.net. <https://doi.org/10.14705/rpnet.2022.61.1477>

English for academic purposes is employing learner corpora, which directly contribute to improving second language teaching and learning through classroom use (Granger, 2002). Learner academic corpora may equally constitute a precise reference point and a practical resource for students (Timmis, 2015), particularly in the context of fostering academic writing skills. However, learner corpora of academic writing are limited in availability: they are frequently not publicly accessible due to copyright laws, commercial reasons (Nesi, 2012), or emerging data protection regulations around the world (such as the General Data Protection Regulation in the EU).

Bilingual learner corpora of academic writing are even less common, even though their added pedagogical benefit is significant. Specifically, these corpora provide students with the opportunity to discover interlanguage interference in a corpus of texts that are at the same level as their own. Previous studies (Bercuci & Chitez, 2019; Chitez & Bercuci, 2019) have shown that, in a Romanian higher education context, such corpora can be utilised as support for self-directed learning and are a source of motivation for students. As far as Romanian L1 implications are concerned, using corpora for academic writing is a complete novelty. Instruments such as academic phrase banks or academic word lists, already developed for English, are non-existent (see Rogobete, Mureșan, & Chitez, in press) because Romanian students' writing skills in L1 are taken for granted. At the same time, a marked tendency towards lingering under the influence of stereotypical language structures has been observed and demonstrated (Tucan, Pop, Bercuci, & Chitez, 2020).

Figure 1. ROGER platform interface (<https://roger-corpus.org/>)



Given the limited availability of bilingual learner corpora of academic writing, a research project was launched at the West University of Timișoara, Romania, in 2017, aiming to produce the first bilingual Romanian and English learner corpus of academic writing texts from both undergraduate and graduate students in a variety of disciplines. ROGER (Chitez et al., 2021), with a dedicated open-source query platform (Strilețchi, Chitez, & Csürös, 2022), was made available to the public in late May 2022 (Figure 1 above). This paper aims to illustrate a series of academic writing teaching approaches supported by the ROGER platform.

2. A methodological model

A useful methodological model of employing learner corpora to foster academic writing skills can be found in Ädel (2010), who directs attention toward rhetorical functions and specific phraseology as essential features to be mastered by novice academic writers. In what is dubbed as a ‘hands-on’ model, Ädel (2010) recommends addressing the following research questions to students using learner corpora in an academic writing classroom setting:

“What do academic writers say when they...? (a) give an example, (b) refer to other texts or researchers, (c) introduce the topic, (d) start their Conclusion section?” (p. 43).

The investigation of these questions through a learner corpus reveals hitherto unnoticed specific phrases and patterns in rhetorical functions and academic phraseology. The replication of this ‘hands-on’ model may be undertaken by employing the ROGER platform, with specific results showcasing salient dimensions of Romanian L1 and English L2 learner academic writing. Also, aside from Ädel’s model, students may discover metadiscourse markers that are erroneously used in L2 by extracting word and N-gram lists in both languages. In teaching activities, students may detect the overuse of specific metadiscourse markers by using an English L1 corpus (such as BNC, COCA, or MICUSP) as a reference point.

3. Results

(a) When inputting the Romanian ‘de exemplu’ (253 occurrences), one notices that the phrase may be encountered either in sentence-initial or mid-sentence positions,

with a wide variety of punctuation patterns: while it is usually preceded by a comma or a full stop, it is followed by an array of punctuation marks, which can be used to address punctuation issues in student writing.

(b) In the case of referring to other texts, materials, or researchers, the parallel querying of the corpus with the study level filter at the undergraduate level showcases significant differences which can be exploited pedagogically (Table 1).

Table 1. Examples of in-text referencing from the ROGER corpus

RO	BA SY 1	BA SY 2	BA SY 3	EN	BA SY 1	BA SY 2	BA SY 3
potrivit lui	3	0	2	according to	93	61	42
conform lui	8	0	4				
afirm* că	34	4	40	state* that	27	20	28
consideră că	34	3	31	considers that	4	7	4
prezentat* în	8	1	18	present* in	23	38	35
menționat* în	2	1	5	mention* in	8	15	25
preluat* din	2	1	5	quoted in	0	1	2
citat* în / din	0	0	0	cited in	0	3	3

(c) The introduction to any academic paper highlights several phrases which can be elicited by students, particularly in connection to the thesis statement. Thus, students may be asked to predict patterns headed by ‘this paper *’ for English and ‘această lucrare’ for Romanian, and to compare and contrast their examples with concordance lines obtained when querying the corpus (Figure 2 below).

(d) As concerns the insights that students might gain from how academic writers start their conclusion section, the querying of the keywords ‘concluzie’ for Romanian (271 occurrences) and ‘conclusion’ for English (511 occurrences) illustrates that both of these structures are usually preceded by a preposition or preposition plus article combination (‘în’/‘ca o’ for Romanian, ‘in’/‘as a’ for English), followed by a comma and a summarising/concluding statement.

In the case of metadiscourse markers, a persistent structure used in Romanian academic writing is ‘din punct de vedere’. In the ROGER corpus, the phrase appears 20 times both in Romanian and in English. However, in English L2, the phrase ‘point of view’ is often overused in the following configuration: ‘from a * point of view’ by Romanian native speakers.

Figure 2. Search results for ‘this paper’ (EN) and ‘această lucrare’ (RO) in the ROGER corpus

Search results

Texts displayed on page: 1 - 20 / 123

- 1 *Language:* English | *Genre:* Essay | *Discipline:* Humanities (HUM) | *Study level:* Master | *Study year:* 1
this paper=>... including both specialists and common people. In **this paper**, I will try to look at the impact that immigration... [show more]
- 2 *Language:* English | *Genre:* Essay | *Discipline:* Humanities (HUM) | *Study level:* Master | *Study year:* 1
this paper=>... are race neutral(). Given the context, the aim of **this paper** is to provide a description of how this... [show more]
- 3 *Language:* English | *Genre:* Essay | *Discipline:* Humanities (HUM) | *Study level:* Master | *Study year:* 1
this paper=>... discussed in the modern times. Therefore, the aim of **this paper** is to show that, despite its theoretical... [show more]
- 4 *Language:* English | *Genre:* Essay | *Discipline:* Humanities (HUM) | *Study level:* Master | *Study year:* 2
This paper=>... through her perspective as a young Southern girl. **This paper** focuses on discussing To Kill a Mockingbird... [show more]
- 5 *Language:* English | *Genre:* Essay | *Discipline:* Humanities (HUM) | *Study level:* Master | *Study year:* 1
this paper=>... opportunity and reverse discrimination The purpose of **this paper** is to study how the use of race conscious... [show more]
- 6 *Language:* English | *Genre:* Thesis (Bachelor) | *Discipline:* Humanities (HUM) | *Study level:* Master | *Study year:* 1
this paper=>... framework that I will be making use of throughout **this paper**. As already stated above, my purpose is... [show more]
- 7 *Language:* English | *Genre:* Thesis (Master) | *Discipline:* Computer Science (COMP) | *Study level:* Master | *Study year:* Unknown
this paper=>... ones retrieved online are appropriately cited in **this paper**, respecting the rules of avoiding Copyright... [show more]

Search results

Texts displayed on page: 1 - 20 / 54

- 1 *Language:* Romanian | *Genre:* Portfolio | *Discipline:* Political Sciences (POL) | *Study level:* Bachelor | *Study year:* 3
Această lucrare=>... non-profit NRDC (Natural Resources Defense Council). **Această lucrare** artistică publicitară a lor... [show more]
- 2 *Language:* Romanian | *Genre:* Thesis (Bachelor) | *Discipline:* Political Sciences (POL) | *Study level:* Bachelor | *Study year:* 3
această lucrare=>... studiu. Finete încheag informațiile redactate în **această lucrare** printr-o concluzie cu referire... [show more]
- 3 *Language:* Romanian | *Genre:* Thesis (Bachelor) | *Discipline:* Political Sciences (POL) | *Study level:* Bachelor | *Study year:* 3
Această lucrare=>... PUBLICITATEA LA PRODUSELE DE LUX ABSOLVENT.; INTRODUCERE **Această lucrare** are ca temă Forme ale... [show more]
- 4 *Language:* Romanian | *Genre:* Thesis (Bachelor) | *Discipline:* Humanities (HUM) | *Study level:* Bachelor | *Study year:* 3
această lucrare=>... ESTETICA RENAȘTERII ABSOLVENT.; INTRODUCERE în **această lucrare** voi vorbi despre categoria estetică... [show more]
- 5 *Language:* Romanian | *Genre:* Thesis (Bachelor) | *Discipline:* Political Sciences (POL) | *Study level:* Bachelor | *Study year:* 3
această lucrare=>... operaționare în instituție. Cred cu tărie că **această lucrare** de licență mi-a fost de ajutor... [show more]
- 6 *Language:* Romanian | *Genre:* Thesis (Bachelor) | *Discipline:* Political Sciences (POL) | *Study level:* Bachelor | *Study year:* 3
această lucrare=>... de trecut. Obiectivul studiului de caz abordat în **această lucrare** de licență este acela de a evidenția... [show more]
- 7 *Language:* Romanian | *Genre:* Referat | *Discipline:* Political Sciences (POL) | *Study level:* Bachelor | *Study year:* 3
această lucrare=>... publicului specialist, cât și a publicului general. În **această lucrare** îmi propun să descriu imaginile... [show more]

4. Discussion and conclusion

The approaches presented in this short paper illustrate how the ROGER platform becomes an important resource for showcasing key academic phraseology in authentic bilingual contexts. Thus, valuable insights may be gained regarding

punctuation errors in (a) and (d), cases of cross-contamination (such as ‘consideră că’ – ‘considers that’ and ‘prezentat* în’ – ‘present* in’), which may be studied separately, but also situations that could be approached in individual concordance lines to observe citation and acknowledgement practices (b), or frequent action verbs and patterns in use when writing thesis statements (c).

The results are structured according to Ädel’s (2010) methodological model for fostering rhetorical functions and specific phraseology in academic writing and suggest adding another function addressing metadiscourse markers to better assist with enhancing undergraduate university students’ academic writing skills. In sum, we recommend the use of bilingual learner corpora as a tool for improving and enhancing academic writing skills, thus building a legitimate contrastive pedagogical model.

5. Acknowledgements

This research is financially supported through a grant awarded to Dr Mădălina Chitez by the Swiss National Science Foundation, in the frame of the programme PROMYS, for a period of five years (2017-2022).

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Published by Research-publishing.net, a not-for-profit association
Contact: info@research-publishing.net

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Intelligent CALL, granular systems and learner data: short papers from EUROCALL 2022
Edited by Birna Arnbjörnsdóttir, Branislav Bédi, Linda Bradley, Kolbrún Friðriksdóttir, Hólmfríður Garðarsdóttir, Sylvie Thoučsny, and Matthew James Whelpton

Publication date: 2022/12/12

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Cover photo by © 2022 Kristinn Ingvarsson (photo is taken inside Veröld – House of Vigdís)
Cover layout by © 2022 Raphaël Savina (raphael@savina.net)

ISBN13: 978-2-38372-015-7 (PDF, colour)

British Library Cataloguing-in-Publication Data.
A cataloguing record for this book is available from the British Library.

Legal deposit, France: Bibliothèque Nationale de France - Dépôt légal: décembre 2022.